



Centella - tb_recon

Software teleconf, July 13th, 2000

Runing alorihmts and applying cuts in tb recon (centella)

Jose A. Hernando UCSC

The possibilities of centella.in

I) **Tb_recon algorithms and filters in centella.in**

centella.in and line syntax

define input and output files (ROOT trees)

how to scan, read, skip events?

What algorithms to run.

II) **Algorithms and filters in centella**

User implementation of algorithms and cuts

Taks: *complex algorithms and cuts*

created at run time (with centella.in). Examples

III) **Histograms and ntuples in centella**

How to create and add a folder with

histograms/ntuples into tb_recon



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I.How to run algorithms and filters in tb_recon

- **tb_recon uses an input file:**

console version: name of the file as the first argument

default: *centella.in*

- **the input file uses the following line syntax:**

```
Syntax // for set option use "class varname vartype(I,D,S) varcontent"
// for comment use : "// comment"
// -----
how to indicate the input/output ROOT tree files:
//
// input root tree
//
Raw Tree IOfileServer InFile S C:/TBData/rawV1.2/run57.root
//
// output histos/ntuples root
//
Recon histos and ntuples IOfileServer histoFile S C:/TBData/reconV1.1/histoRun57.root
//
// Recon tree file output
//
Recon Tree IOfileServer OutFile S C:/TBData/reconV1.1/reconRun57.root
```



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I.How to read and scan events

- Reading and scanning events:

```
//
// There are to filters in tb_recon that can be declared to selRead
//   cutEvtRead   to define how many events to read or skip
//   cutEvtScan   to define the events id to scan or process
// You can add one of the filter in selRead using one of the following lines:
// selRead addCut S cutEvtRead
// selRead addCut S cutEvtScan
//
// examples:
// If you want to skip the 1st 100 events use:
// selRead addCut S cutEvtRead
// cutEvtRead nEvtSkip I 100
// If you want to read only 100 events use:
// selRead addCut S cutEvtScan
// cutEvtRead nEvtRead I 100
// If you want to scan the event 99 and 102 use
// selRead addCut S cutEvtRead
// cutEvtRead evtID I 99
// cutEvtRead evtID I 102

// The program is set to read the 1st 2000 events

selRead addCut S cutEvtRead
cutEvtRead nEvtRead I 2000
```

Skip events

Read Events

Scan events



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I. Algorithms to run in tb_recon

Running Algorithms:

- Before the run starts

- 1.- Add algorithms into
“iniOfRun”

- algorithms by event

- 1.- eventTask “runEvent”

- 2.- Create eventTasks

- 3.- Add eventTasks to
“runEvent”

- After the run ends

- 1.- Add algorithms into
“endOfRun”

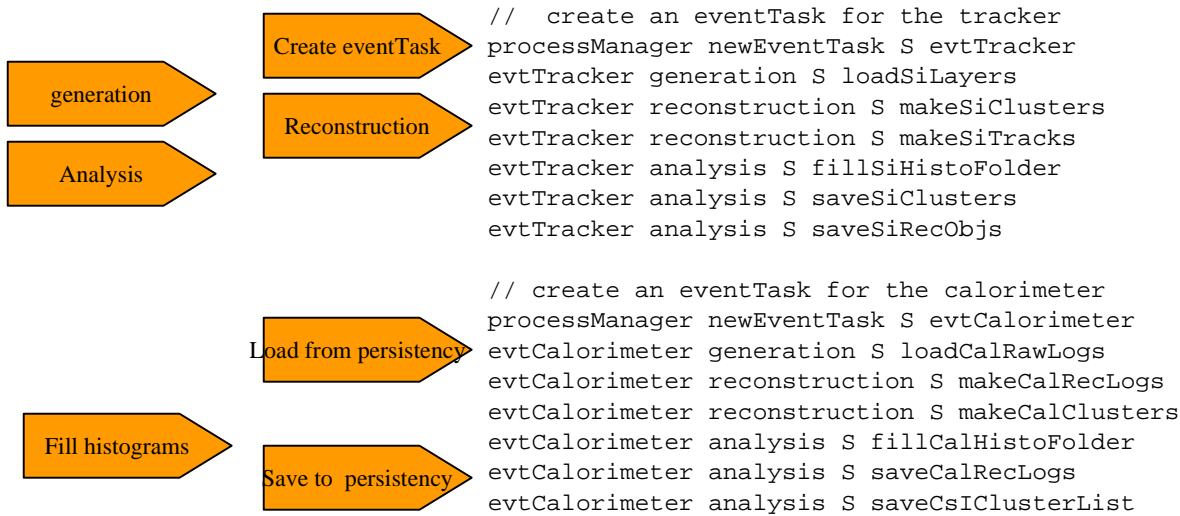
```
//
// Section to define the algorithms to run (evtProcess or algorithmTask)
//
// 1.-The algorithms to run at the initial part of the RUN should be included
//    into the algorithmTask named: "iniOfRun"
// example: iniOfRun addAlgorithm S writeListOptions
//
// 2.-The algorithms to run at the end of the RUN should be included into
//    the algorithmTask named: "endOfRun"
// example: endOfRun addAlgorithm S writeByeBye
//
// 3.-The algorithms to be run for every event should be included:
//    into the generation, reconstruction or analysis of one eventTask.
//
// 2.1 There is a main eventTask named "runEvent". This is an example of
//    how to put algorithms into the main eventTask:
//    runEvent generation S loadSiLayers
//    runEvent reconstruction S makeSiClusters
//    runEvent analysis S saveSiClusters
// 2.2 The user can create an eventTask. For example to create
//    an eventTask for the tracker named "evtTracker" do:
//    processManager newEventTask S evtTracker
//    if now we want to add algorithms to this eventTask, we can do as before:
//    evtTracker generation S loadSiLayers
//    evtTracker reconstruction S makeSiClusters
//    evtTracker analysis S saveSiClusters
// 2.3 To run the eventTask created by the user, it should be included into the
//    main eventTask named "runEvent". Do so with this line:
//    runEvent addEventTask S evtTracker
// Note that running an eventTask first they will be executed all the algorithms
//    in the generation, then the ones in the reconstruction, and finally the algorithms
//    in the analysis.
//
// The user can create: algorithmTask, eventTask and algConditionalTask, and
// add to them algorithms, and cuts. See documentation.
//
```



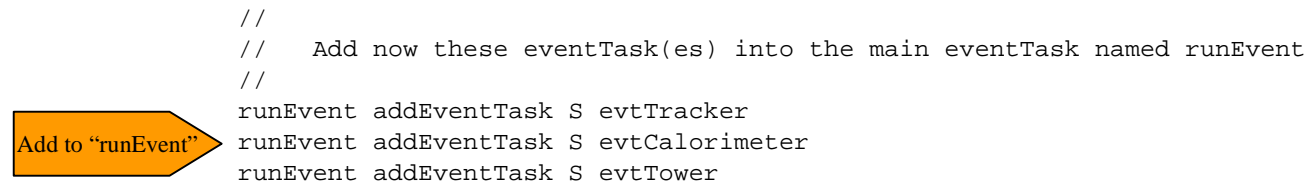
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I. Creating EventTasks and adding them into “runEvent”

- Creating EventTaks



- And adding them into “runEvent”





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II. Tb_recon - structure

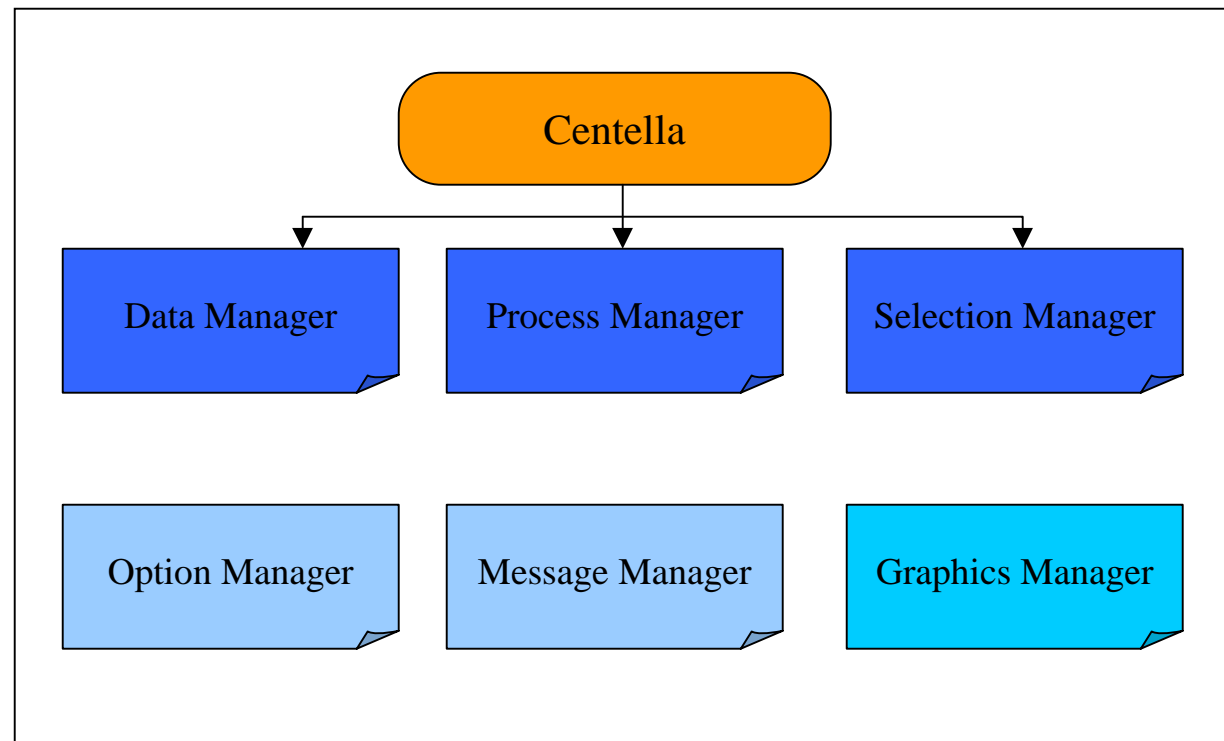
Application: CentellaAlg

Dependent Managers:

- **Data Manager**
transient and persistent data
- **Process Manager**
Algorithms to run
- **Selection Manager**
Cuts to apply

Independent Managers:

- **Option Server**
(set option by the user)
- **Message Server**
(print debug, info, etc)
- **Graphics Manager**
(event Display)
U. California, Santa Cruz





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II. Algorithms and Cuts in centella

Algorithms and Cuts in centella:

The Users can create algorithm and cuts

static - coding

dynamic - via the input file

Static algorithms and cuts

1.- implementation:

algorithms inherits from **algorithmVI**

cuts inherits from **cutVI**

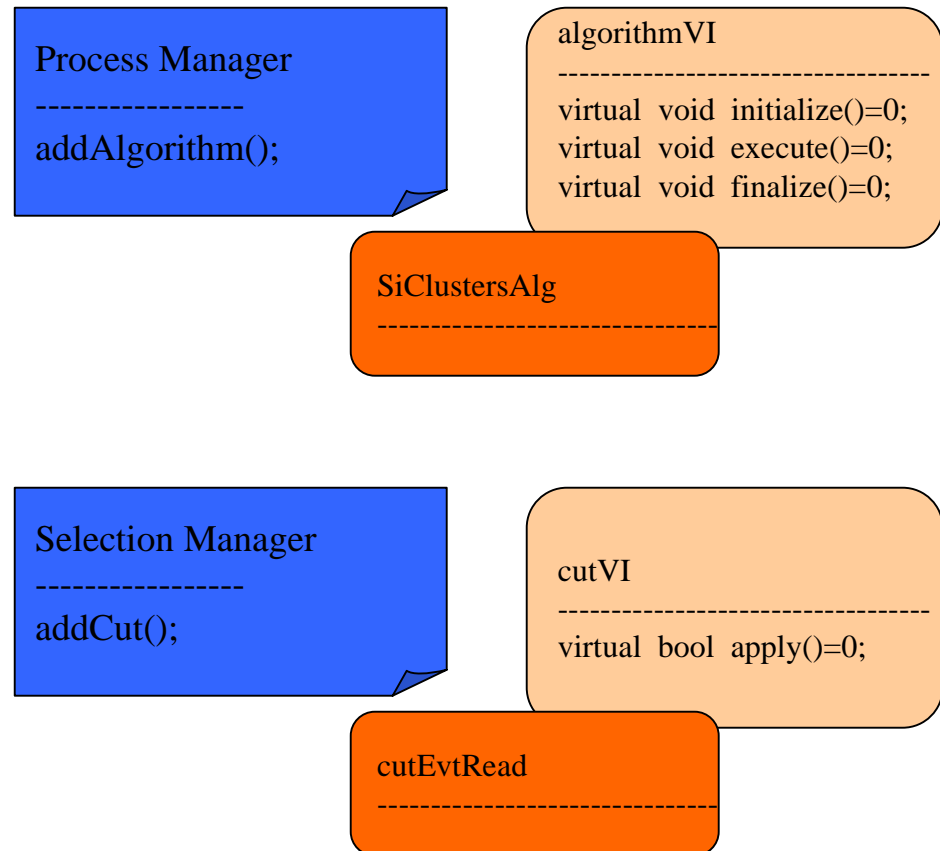
2.- Declare to the Managers

add algorithms to **ProcessManager**

class : **userAlgorithms**

add cuts to **SelectionManager**

class: **userCuts**





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II. Algorithms in tb_recon

Algorithms in tb_recon

- System algorithms:

examples:

- “iniOfRun”
- “runEvent”
- “endOfRun”

- User defined algorithms

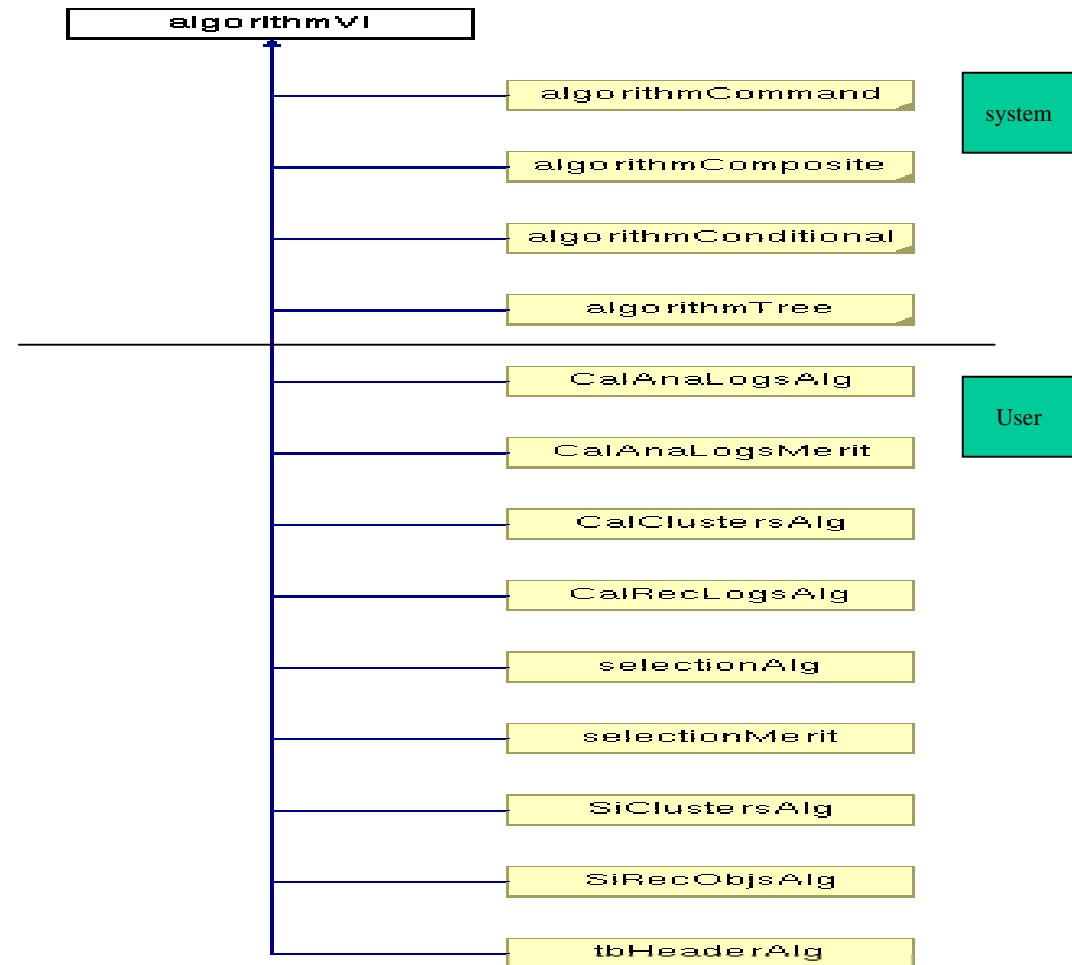
- from histograms/ntuples

fill histos/ntuples: *fillSiHistos*

- from converters:

load algorithms: *loadSiLayers*

save algorithms: *saveSiClusters*



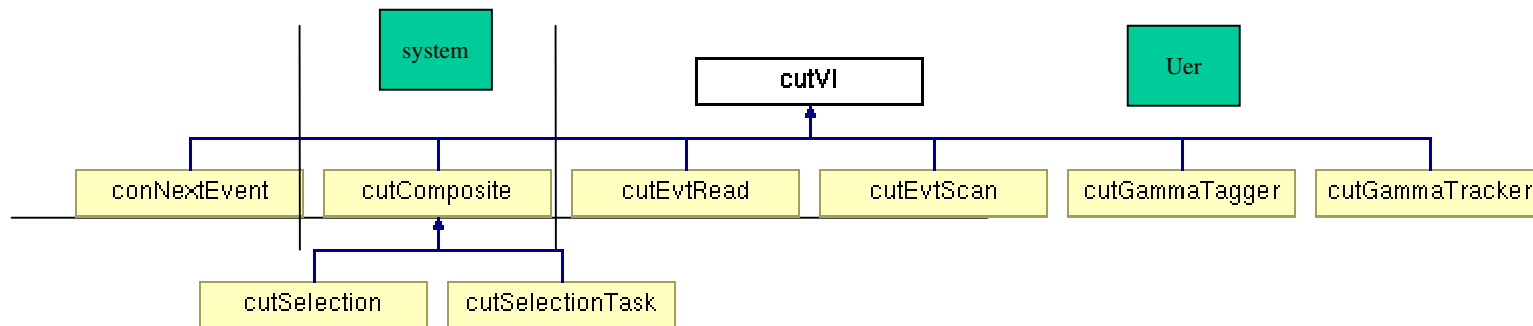


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II. Algorithms and Cuts in centella

Cuts in tb_recon

- System Cuts:
examples:
 - “selRead”
 - “selWrite”
- User defined Cuts





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II Dynamic Algorithms and Cuts in centella

Dynamic algorithms and cuts - Tasks

created in the input file (centella.in)

construct complex algorithms and cuts

room for more additions

Example of creating a composite of algorithms
and another one of cuts (filters)

Create Algorithm
Add algorithms

```
processManager newAlgorithmTask S fillHistos
fillHistos addAlgorithm S fillSiHistos
fillHistos addAlgorithm S fillCalHistos
```

Create Cut
Add Cuts

```
selectionManager newCutSelectionTask S selGoodEvent
selGoodEvent addCut S cutCalOK
selGoodEvent addCut S cutTrackerOK
```

Dynamic algorithms:

- **algorithmTask**

a collection of algorithms

- **eventTask**

a collection of algorithms

organized into:

generation

reconstruction

analysis

- **algConditionalTask**

an algorithm executed only if

a cut is fulfilled

Dynamic cuts

- **cutSelectionTask**

a collection of cuts

it performs the AND of all the cuts
GLAST soft telecon,

July 13th

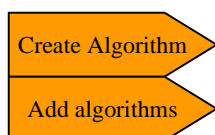


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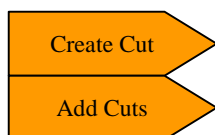
II Dynamic Algorithms and Cuts in centella

Dynamic algorithms and cuts - Tasks

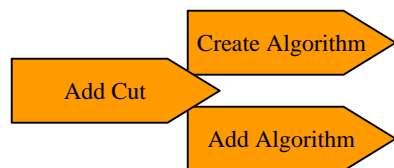
A more complex example



```
// create an unique algorithm to fill all the histograms  
processManager newAlgorithmTask S fillHistos  
fillHistos addAlgorithm S fillSiHistos  
fillHistos addAlgorithm S fillCalHistos
```



```
// create a selection to select good events  
selectionManager newCutSelectionTask S selGoodEvent  
selGoodEvent addCut S cutCalOK  
selGoodEvent addCut S cutTrackerOK
```



```
// create an algorithm to fill the histograms  
// nly if the event is good  
processManager newAlgConditionalTask S fillOKHistos  
fillOKHistos addCut S selGoodEvent  
fillOKHistos addAlgorithm S fillHistos
```



```
// add the fillOKHistos algoriithm into  
// eventTask into "runEvent"  
runEvent analysis S fillOKHistos
```



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III histogram and ntuples in centella

Histograms and ntuples in centella

1.- implementation:

Implement a “myHistoFolder” class

It should inherit from rHistoFolder

define() - book histograms and ntuples

fill() - fill histos and ntuples

*Data** maybe you want to keep a pointer to the data that you use to fill the histograms.

Ask for the data to the *dataManager*

2.- Declare “myHistoFolder” into the server of rHistoFolder named rHistoReconServer

use *addHistoFolder()*

It will automatically create *fillmyHistoFolder* algorithm.

3.-Follow examples: the other folder of histograms implemented in tb_recon, (I.e: SiHistoFolder)

```
rHistoReconServer
-----
addHistoFolder();
```

```
rHistoFolder
-----
virtual void define()=0;
virtual void fill()=0;
-----
Data* m_data;
```

```
SiHistoFolder
-----
define(): book histogram
for the Silicon Clusters
fill(): fill the Silicon Clusters
histograms
-----
SiCluster* m_clusters;
```



```
// create an eventTask for the tracker
processManager newEventTask S evtTracker
evtTracker generation S loadSiLayers
evtTracker reconstruction S makeSiClusters
evtTracker reconstruction S makeSiTracks
evtTracker analysis S fillSiHistoFolder
evtTracker analysis S saveSiClusters
evtTracker analysis S saveSiRecObjs
```