



*Enhancing  
Low Energy Gammas  
in Milagro*

**Jim Linnemann  
Michigan State University  
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# A Few Updates

- **NSF grant for 50% on Milagro** submitted
- Graduate student **Aws Abdo** recruited
  - Learning Root now—reproducing old plots so far
- MSU has a Solar Surface MHD expert—interest?
- Next Semester: Yale AGN expert seminar?
- MSU theorist Mark Voit may be interested
- Statistics: Significance paper written
  - Alexandreas method =
    - Bayes, flat prior in Noff
    - Buzzwords: “predictive inference” for Non | Noff
      - And then “Bayesian p-value” for  $\geq$  Noff observed
    - Amazingly, **proven identical to Binomial**
      - Frequentist UMPU test for ratio of Poisson means
- These absorbed my fall “Milagro time”
- **But I'll report on July 12-31, 2003**

# Executive Summary

- X2 doesn't work well for low-E gammas
  - Especially T20 (20 tubes, risetime < 50ns)
  - **Q = 0.5 for X2 > 2.5 (standard cut)**
- X2 strongly correlated with Nas
  - Parameterize  $\langle X2 \rangle$  vs. Nas
    - Nas directly related to triggering (before risetime...)
  - Hope cut efficiency has less Nas dependence
- **Cut on  $\lambda \langle X2(Nas) \rangle$  improves to Q = 1.1 for T20**
  - Correlation is strong but noisy
  - Not clear X2 *shape* independent of Nas
  - Maybe: **Q 1.76 to 2.19 for 50 tube trigger** (different tunings)
- **Pemax less powerful discriminator at Low Nas**
  - Nas a proxy for energy? For Nb2? Cut on pemax/Nb2
- **Cut Nb2 < cut for 20 tube triggers**
  - **Q = 1.37**

# Which Gammas?

- $E < 300 \text{ GeV}$  (non-attenuated GRB's)
- T20, since that's the new kind of data
  - With T20 as is: use existing sample
    - 25 tubes in real data
- Hardest Case, so may help others, too

# Noise Reduces T20 Efficiency

Default Uncorrelated MC Noise

		$E_\gamma < 300 \text{ GeV}$	$> 300 \text{ GeV}$
All Triggers	No noise	3294	15971
	Noise	2341 (-29%)	13182 (-17%)
Exclude T20	No Noise	902 <i>2/3 are in T20</i>	9491
	Noise	999 (+11%)	9973 (+5%)

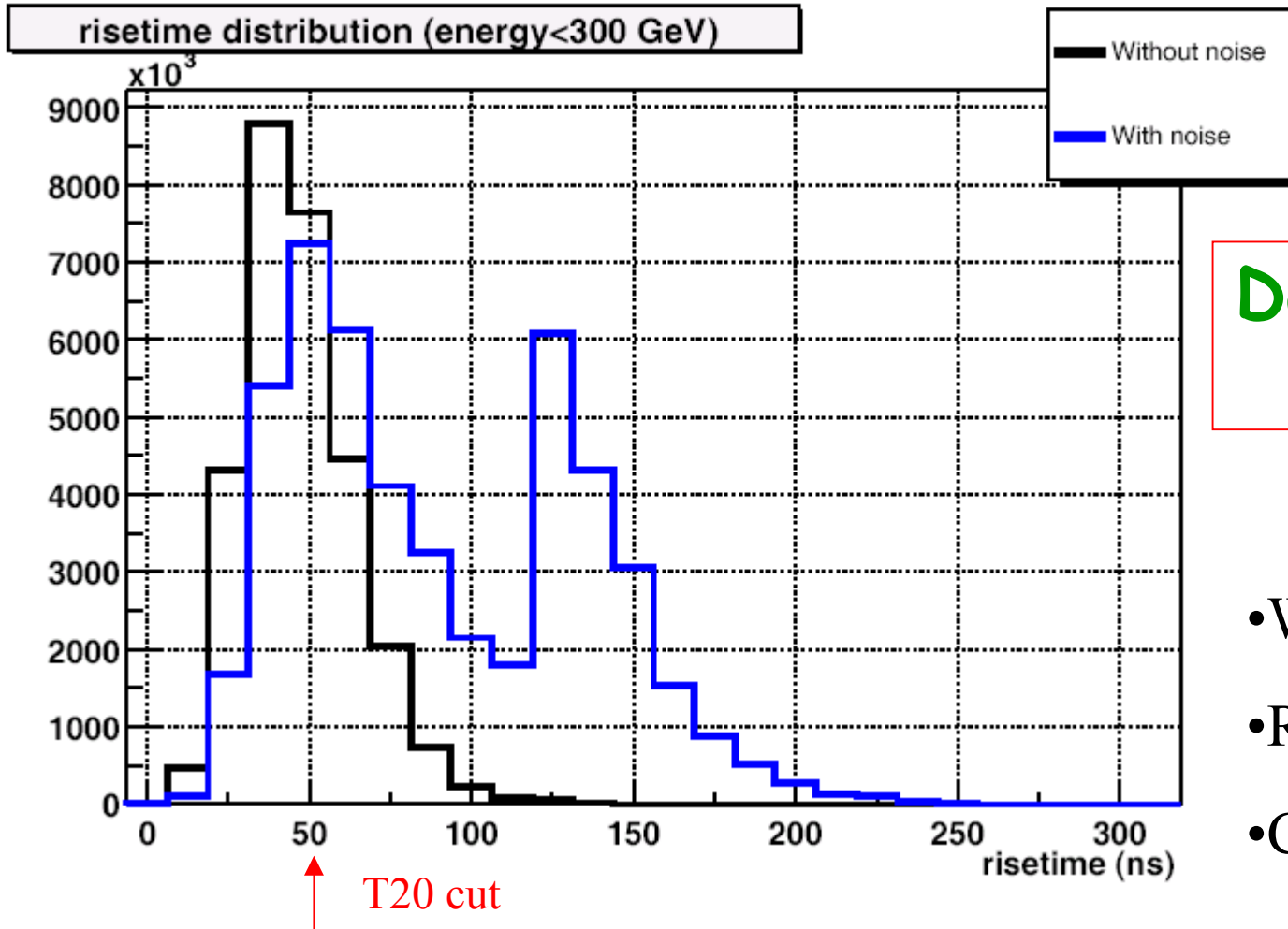
**50% loss in T20!**

Should T20 be Changed from Risetime to something else???

Would a better Noise model change this conclusion?

# Why?

## Noise Increases Risetime



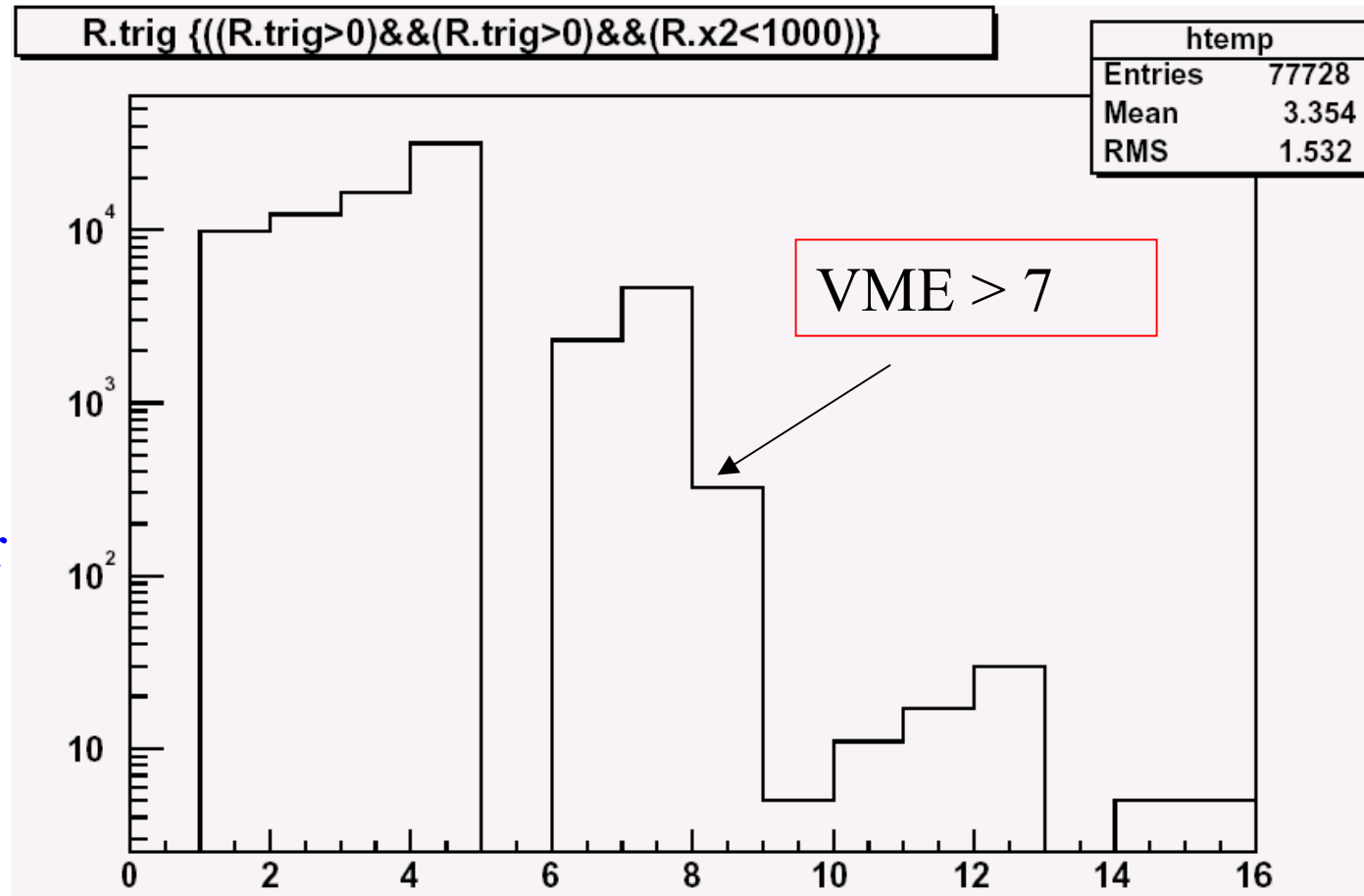
David Noyes  
Plot

- Why 2 lumps?
- Real or bogus MC?
- Cut at peak of dist!

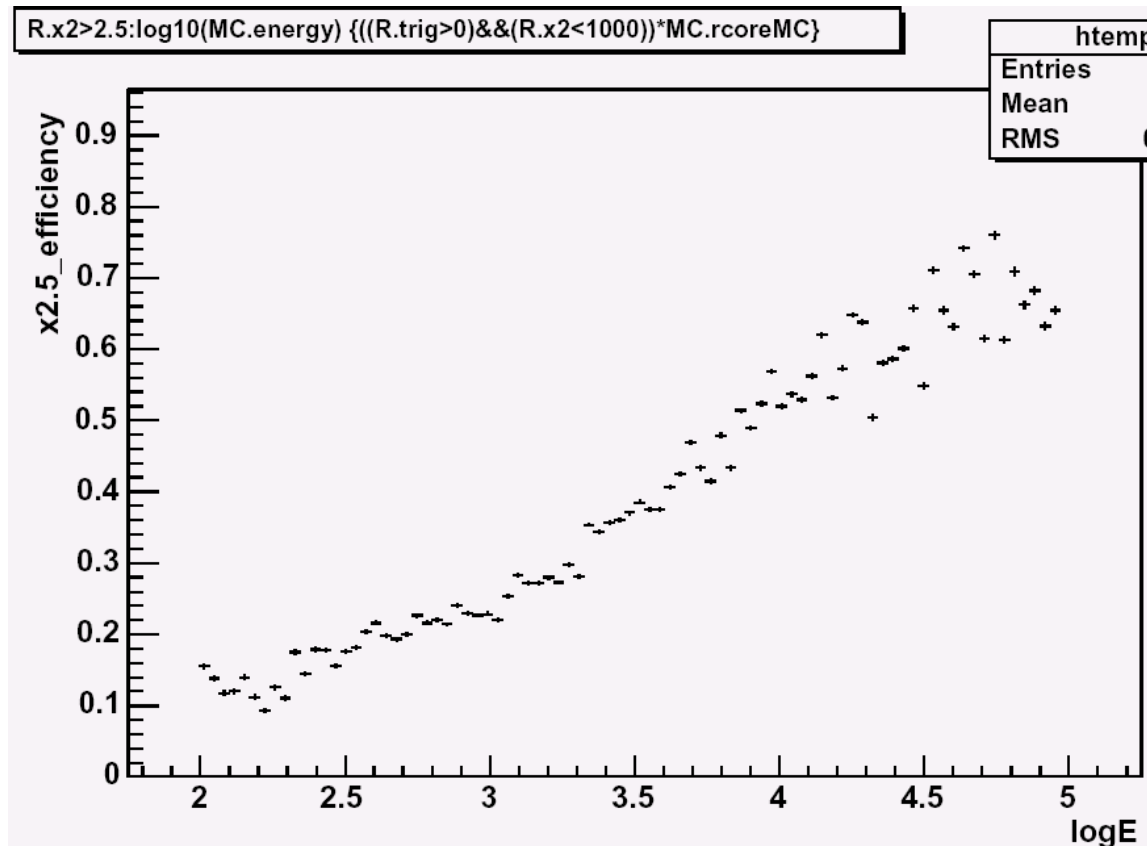
# Trigger 8 surprise

## T20 / 1000, with no risetime cut

- risetime rejection is about x 10
- 0.5% of events
- not in MC
- remove from your sample with  $t \neq 8$
- remove  $t=4$  also?
- Time dep thresh



# X2 diagnosis: efficiency vs. E



- Decided to plot  $\langle X2 \rangle$  vs. Nas
  - X2 efficiency a function of E
  - Nas a weak E proxy?
  - Nas strongly related to trigger



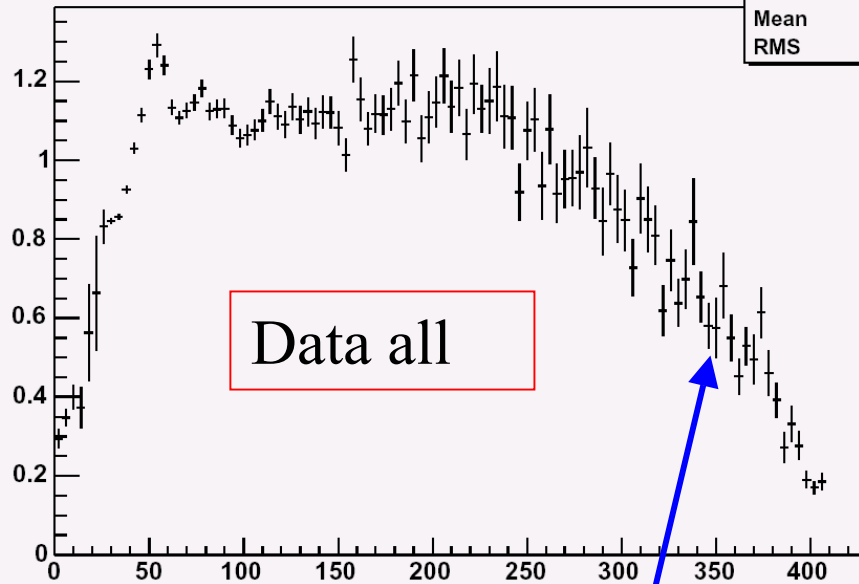
# $X2 > 2.5$ has poor $\gamma$ efficiency T20, or low $E_\gamma$

- **11%** for T20, all  $E_\gamma > 100$  Data: 4.1%, **Q=.5**  
Same for  $100 < E_\gamma < 300$
- 17% for all triggers, Low  $E_\gamma$   
 $100 < E_\gamma < 300$
- 31% for all triggers, all  $E_\gamma > 100$
- 53% for all triggers excluding T20 (Crab paper)
- 

To check: try lowering X2 cut

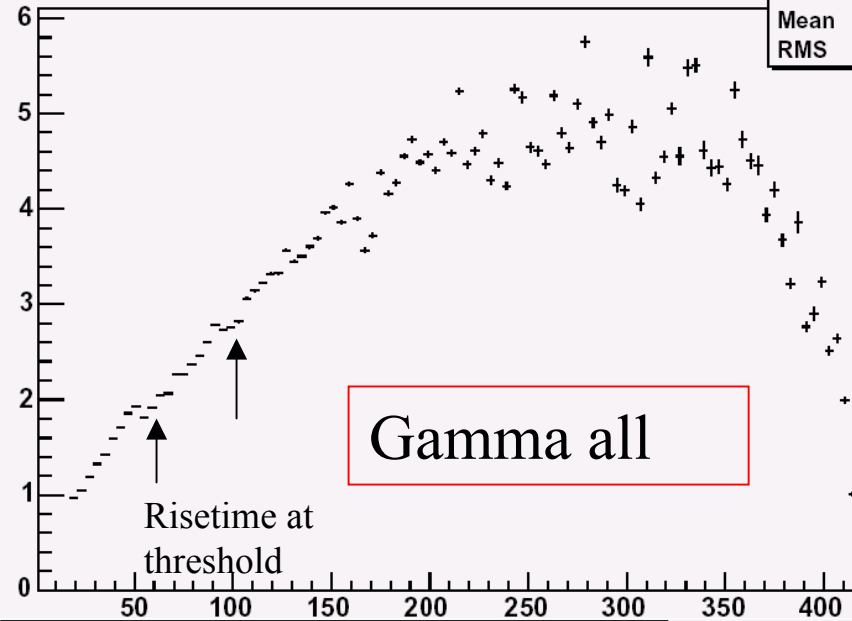
# <X2> depends strongly on Nas

R.x2:R.CALnhits {R.x2<10}



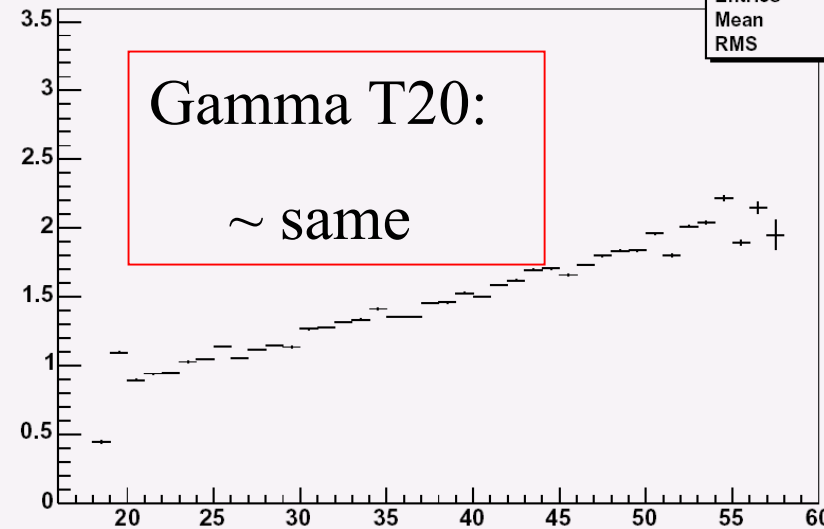
htemp	
Entries	78140
Mean	91.67
RMS	73.37

Rnn.x2:Rnn.CALnhits {MCnn.rcoreMC\*((Rnn.x2<1000)&&(Rnn.trig>0))}



htemp	
Entries	
Mean	
RMS	

R.x2:R.CALnhits {(R.trig==4)&&(R.trig>0)&&(R.x2<1000))\*MC.rcoreMC}



htemp	
Entries	
Mean	
RMS	

High Nas: More events with  $X2 \sim 0$   
drive down average

Nb2 ~ saturates; but...

crazy tube(s) more probable:

PEMax > 10000 Why?

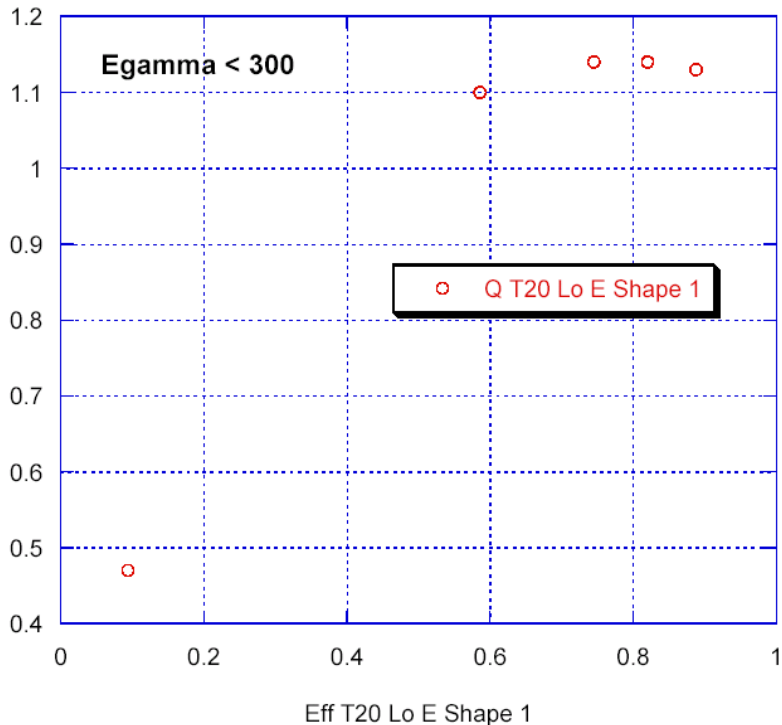
# Parameterize $\langle X^2(N_{as}) \rangle$

- Guess: shape independent of  $\langle X^2 \rangle$  so scale cut to mean?
  - Cut on  $X^2 > \lambda \langle X^2(N_{as}) \rangle$
- Hope:  $\varepsilon \langle X^2 \rangle$  cut less E dependent
  - Does succeed in making less  $N_{as}$  dependent
- **Spectacular improvement:  $Q > 2.0$  !**
  - Alas, starting from  $Q=0.5$
- **Net result:  $Q = 1.1$  for  $E < 300$   $T > 20$**
- **Maybe  $Q = 1.75$  for  $T > 20$**

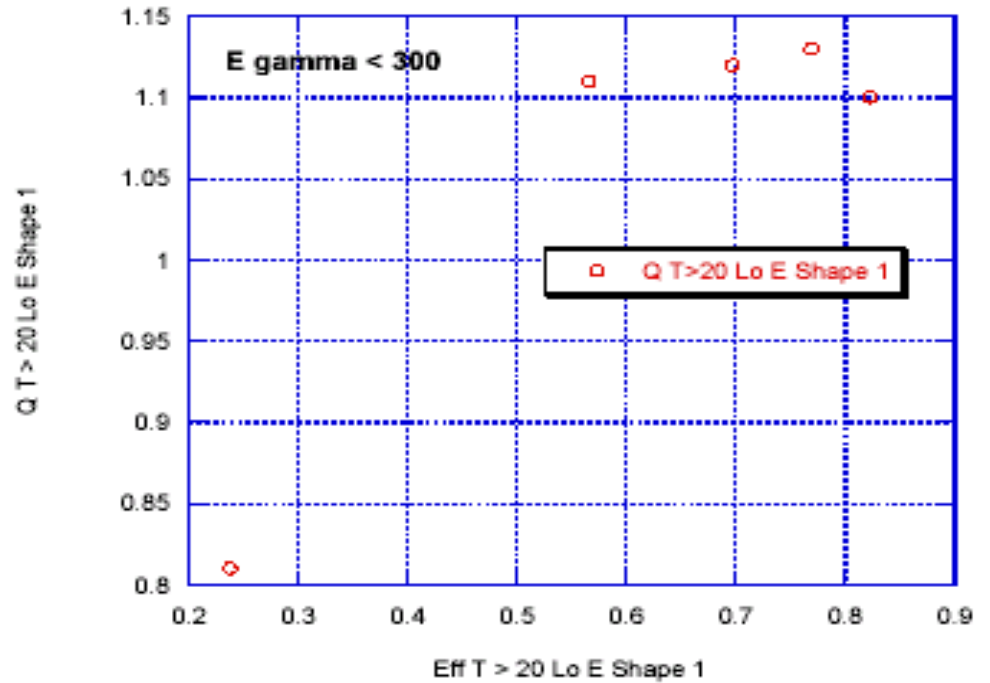
# Q vs Efficiency $E < 300$

## T20

## T>20



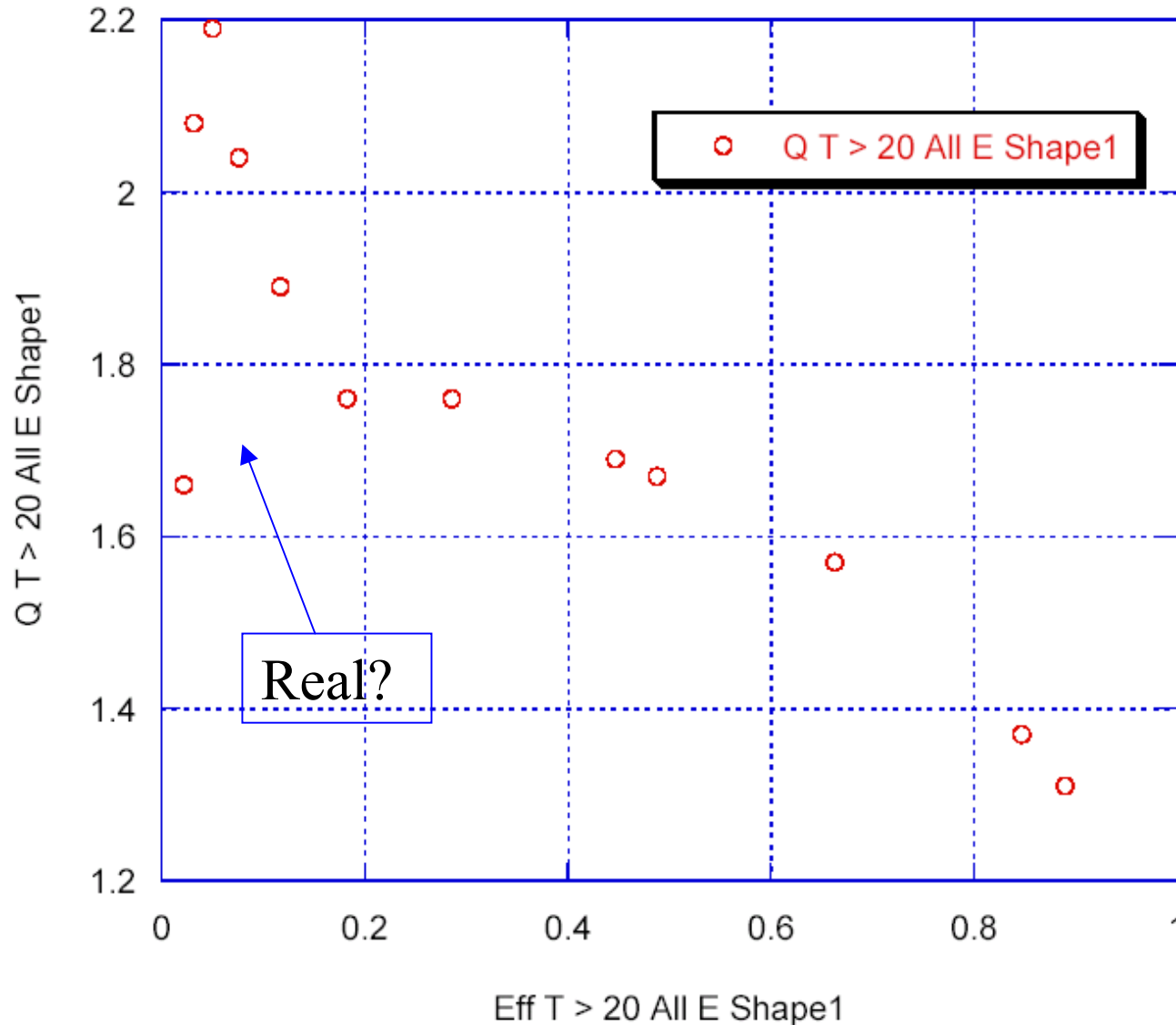
T20  $Q_0 = .47$



T>20  $Q_0 = .81$

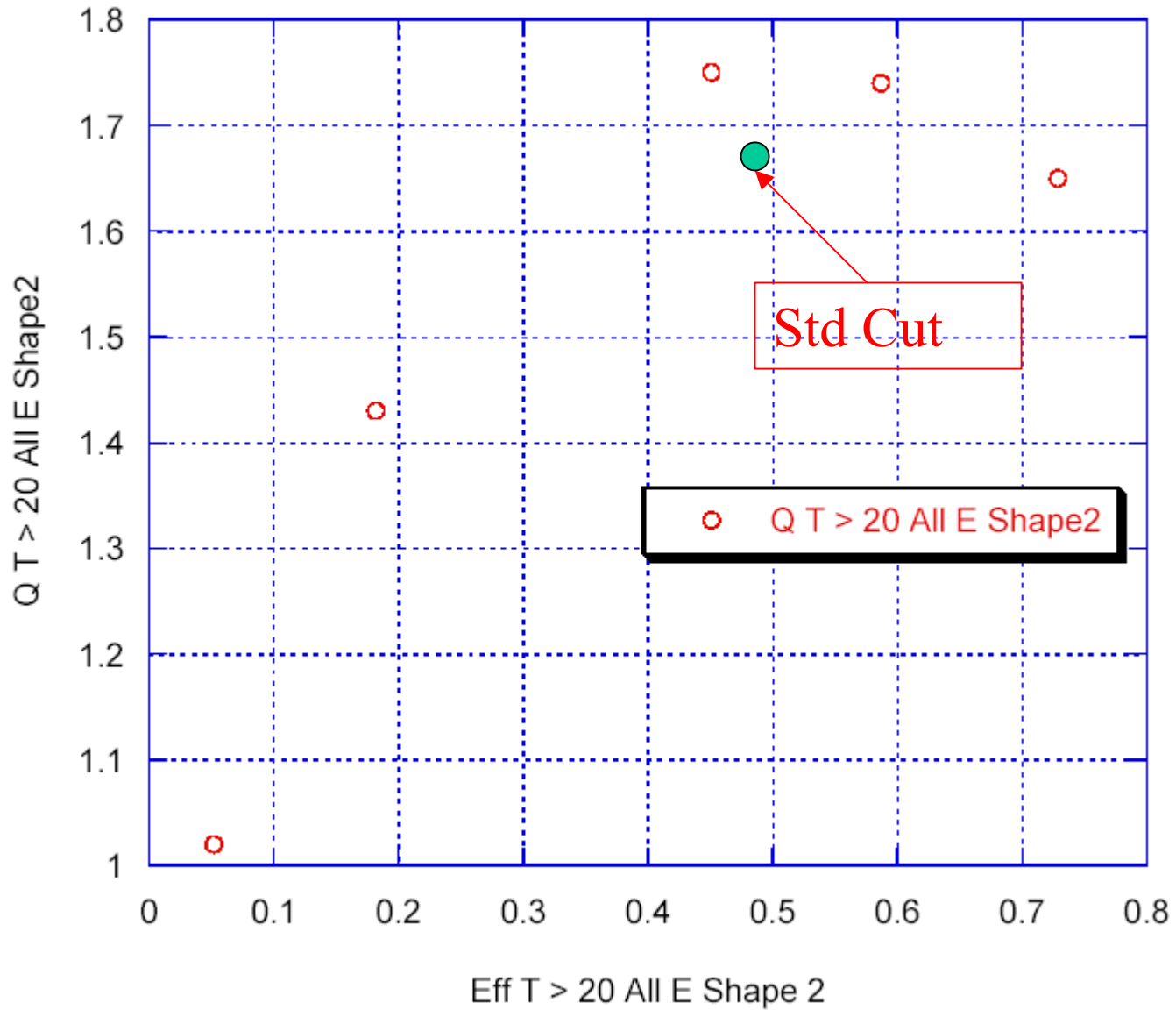
# Q vs. Efficiency, $E > .1$ TeV

$Q > 2$  for 10% efficiency?



# Q vs Efficiency, All-E Shape

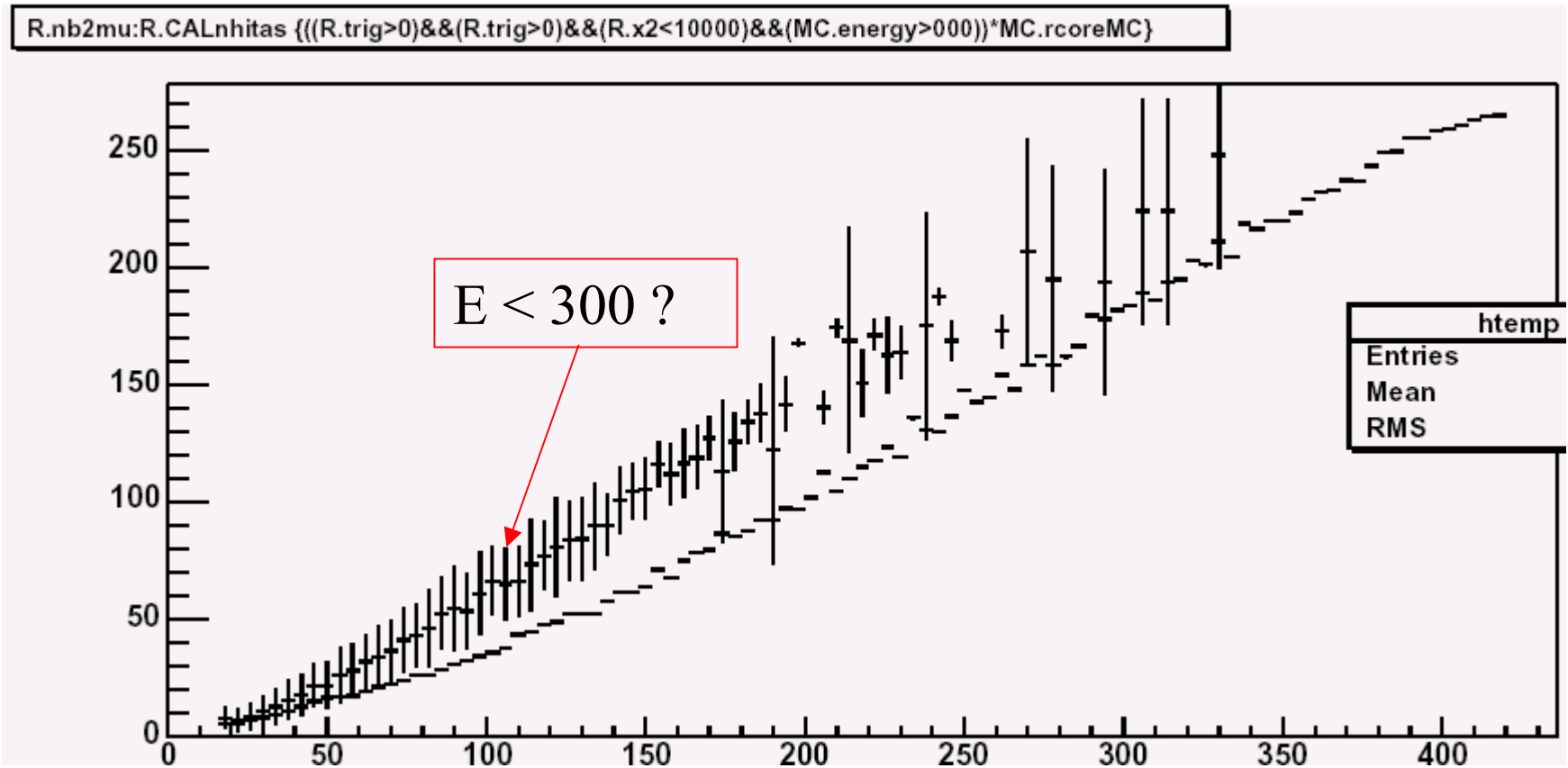
## Q<sub>max</sub> 1.76, Efficiency 50%



# Deconstructing $X_2$ for T20

- Disappointed with  $X_2(N_{as})$  rejection
- $N_{as}$  and  $N_{b2}$  correlated
- $X_2 = N_{b2}/P_{max} > cut$
- So  $X_2$  cut is  $N_{b2} > P_{max} \times cut$ 
  - $N_{b2}(N_{as}) > P_{max}(N_{as}) \times cut$
  - Think of as  $P_{max}$  cut depending on  $N_{b2}$
- Plot  $N_{b2}$ ,  $P_{max}$  separately
  - Find better separation than  $X_2$

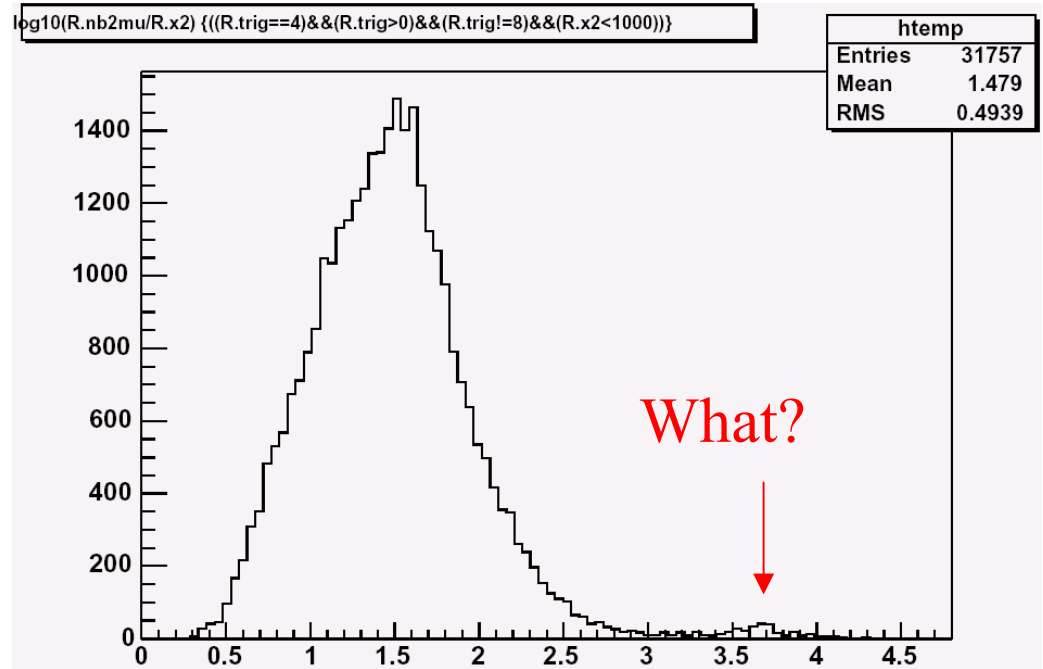
# Nb2 correlated with Nas (Gamma MC)





# Log10 PeMax for T20

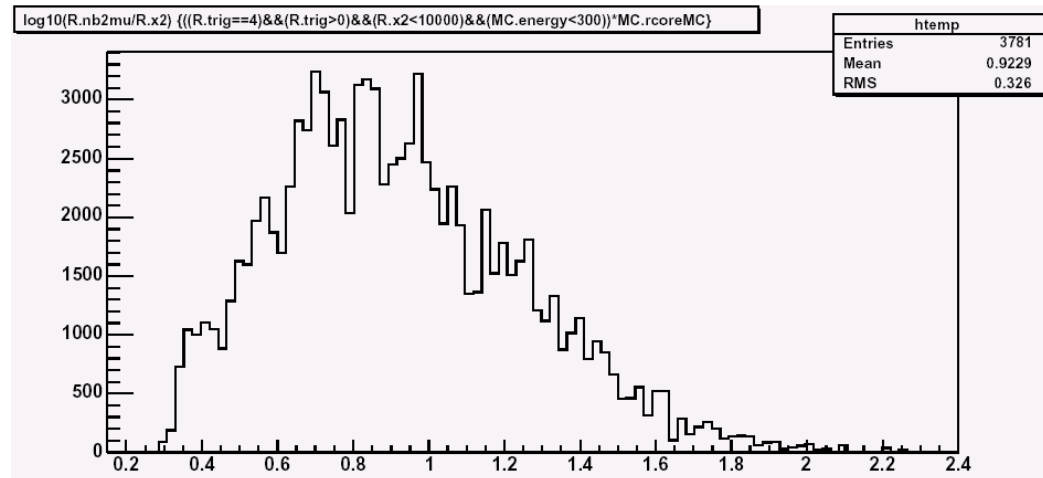
Data 1.5 (.5 rms)



Gamma .9 (.3 rms)

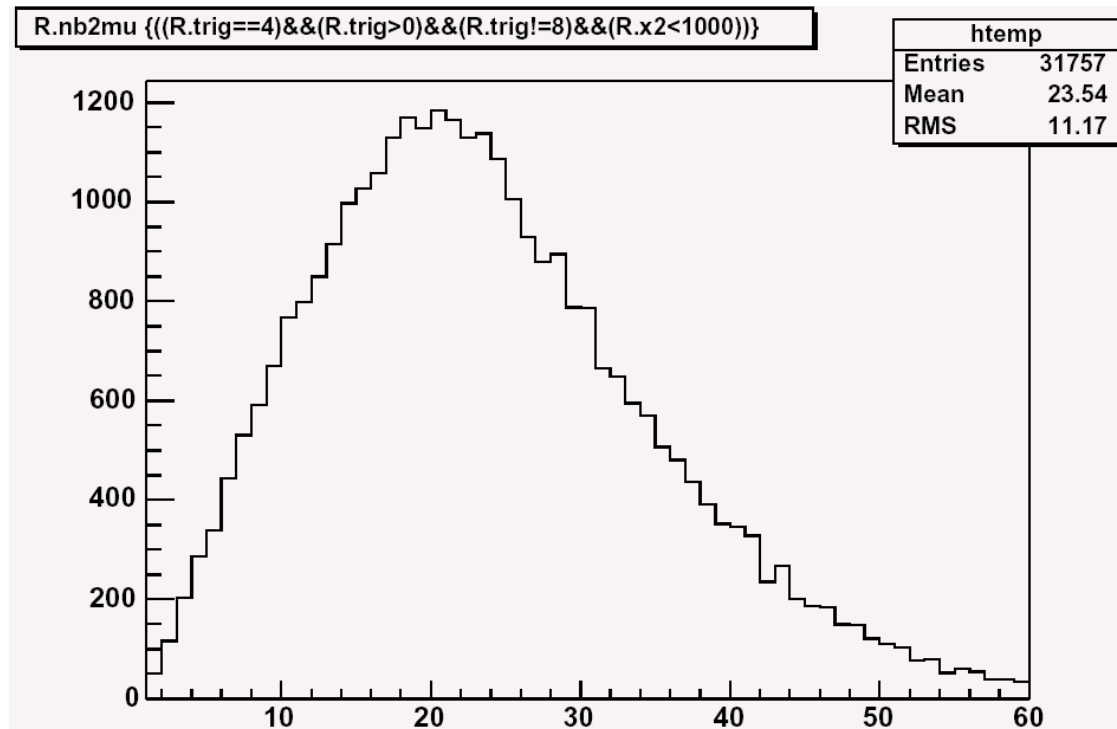
lower than data

ratio: 1.59 ( $.5 \sigma/\mu$ )



# Nb2 for T20

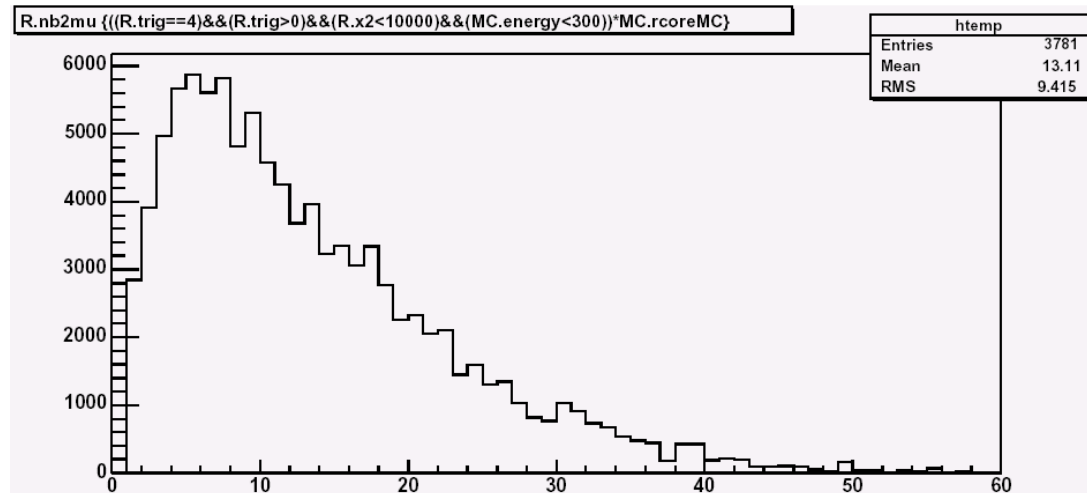
Data: 24 (11 rms)



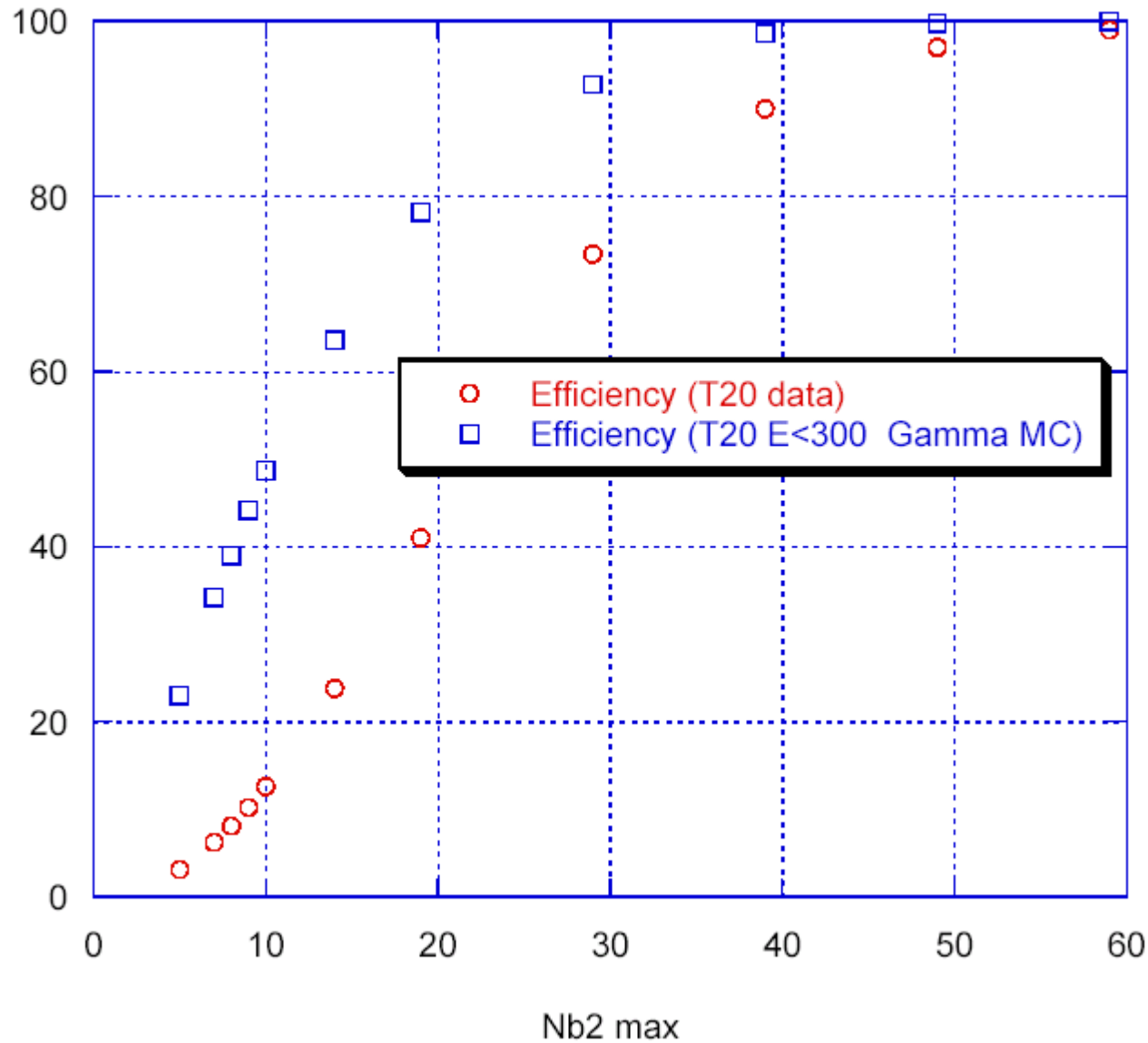
Gamma: 13 (9 rms)

also lower than data

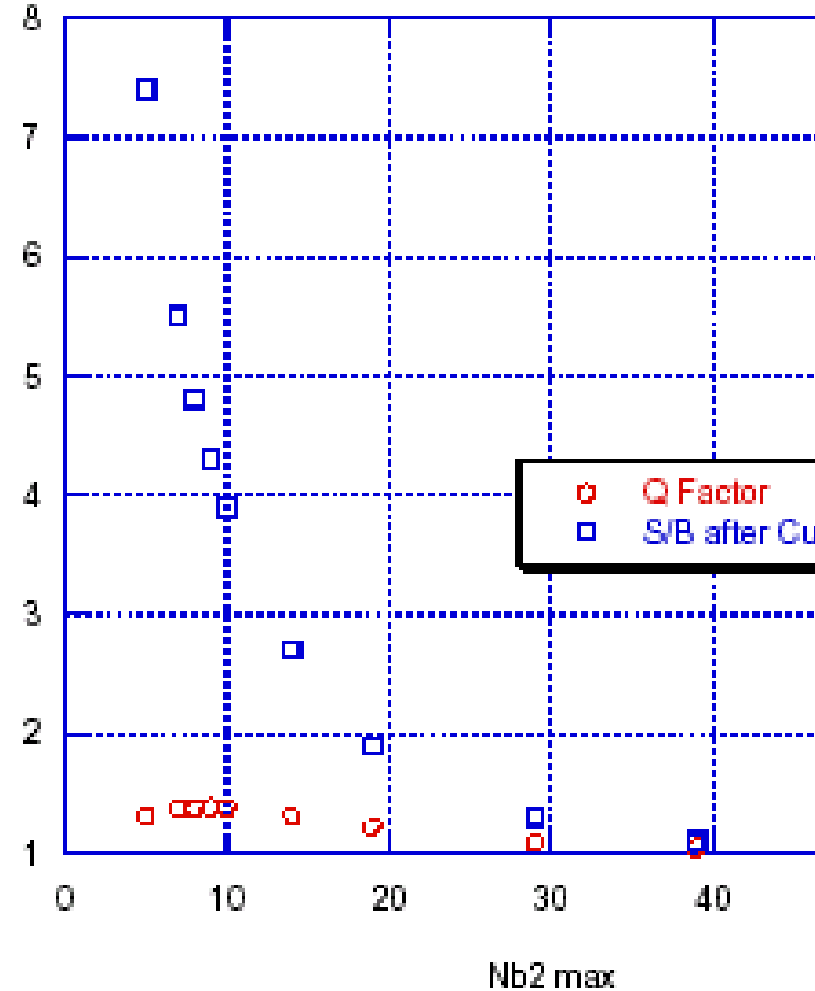
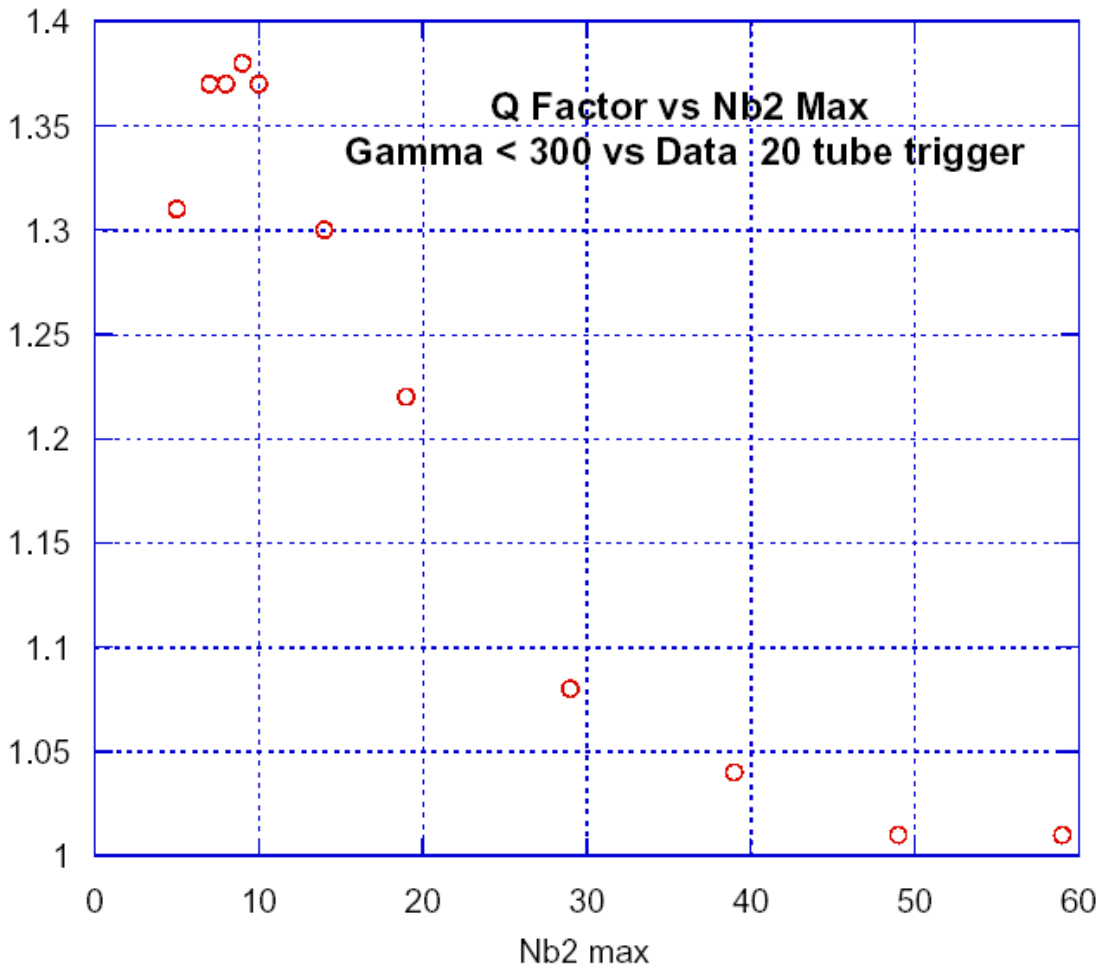
ratio: 1.79 ( $.9 \sigma/\mu$ )



# Efficiency for Data, MC: Nb2 < cut



# Q up to 1.37; purity enhanced 3-7

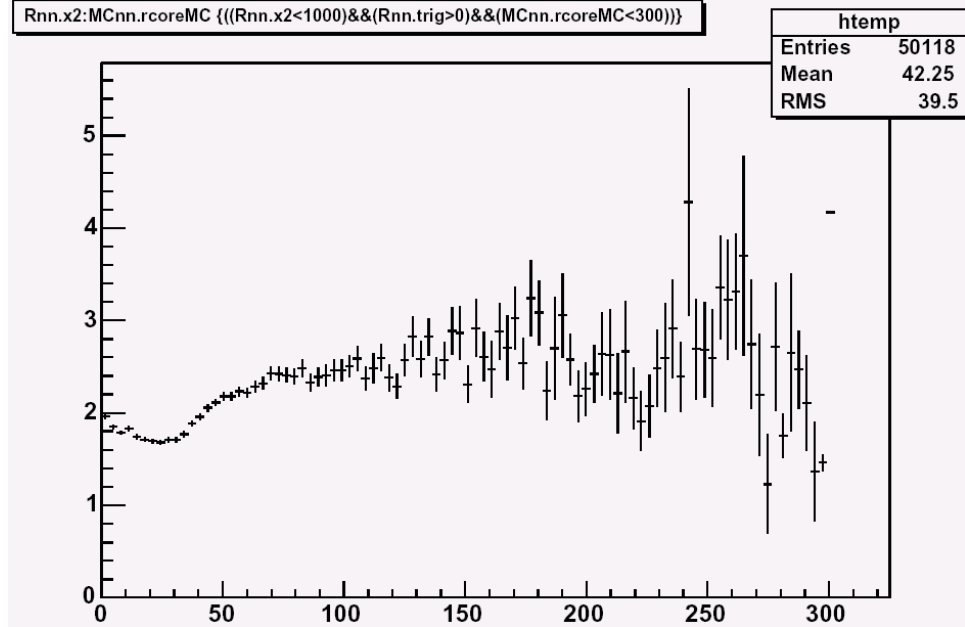


# What next?

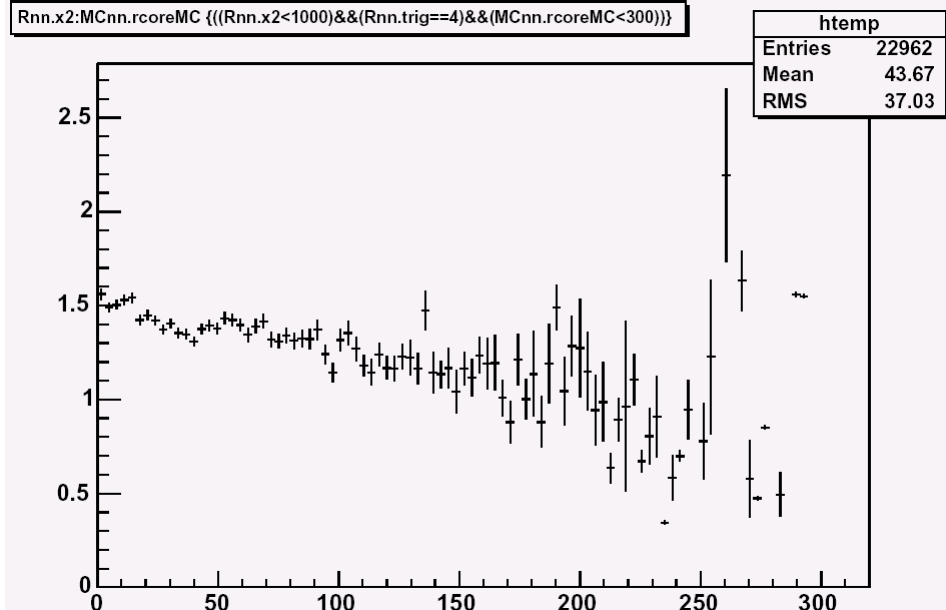
- Need to **remake trees w/ new calibration, MC scale?**
  - **Hadron MC must reproduce data: must check**
  - Is Nb2 a better variable than PEmax?
    - Larger ratio  $h/\gamma$  than Pemax, but average  $\sigma/\mu$  smaller
    - Should look at **Pemax** separately as well, but I trust it less in MC
      - **Vulnerable to calibration error on a single tube**
  - How about Nb8
- Bad news: what if lost all 30% of events w/ muons:
  - Worst case:  $.7 * Q=1.3 = .91$  (lose gamma, not hadrons...)
    - Try again with nb8 cut instead of nb2?
- **Gus's bright idea:**
  - **tight timing cuts** on muon layer before **any hadron ID**
    - Eliminates muon background  $20\text{ns}/400\text{ns} = 5\% \times 30\% = 1.5\%$
    - **A concern with 1-layer detector: can we still do that?**

# X2 vs. Rcore MC

- Weak dependence
  - When look at all triggers
- X2 largest for Rcore=0, >150



- trig=T20 Lowers  $\langle X2 \rangle$  by  $> .5$
- And monotonic decrease now
- Risetime cut drives this?



# Rejection from Veto on Number of Outriggers for T20?

- Idea: T20 requires gamma on pond; p's leak off?
  - Maybe group the outriggers by distance from pond edge?
- Cut on  $\leq 1$  Calibrated Outrigger hit
  - Data efficiency: 18%
  - MC gamma: 53%
  - **Q = 1.37**
- **A long shot: dubious variable in MC**
  - Not absolutely sure I rcore-weighted
- should re-try with Nb2, Nb: **but looks less promising**
- |                 | cal | >2  | >8  | outriggers               |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------------|
| – Data:         | 4.3 | 2.7 | 1.4 |                          |
| – MC $\gamma$ : | 1.8 | 1.5 | 0.9 | < 300, T20, std noise... |
| – Ratio         | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 |                          |

# Other Avenues for rejection

- **Clustering** in muon layer: better shape analysis?
  - Not obvious from T20 event displays, so quantitative...
- **Extra, early light** for hadrons
  - from upper layer projected to muon layer
    - **Concern is  $Dt$  ~ uncertainty in plane tilt**
    - **Did Magda rule out usefulness of early light?**
  - **Again not for a 1-layer detector**
- **Rcore** dependence from outriggers
  - **sMilagro: need fiducial volume cut?**
- **Must push to understand Milagro had rejection**
  - **So understand what can simplify in sMilagro**



# Some Queries

- Physics meetings more regularly?
- Does anyone understand MC of risetime?
- Time dependent trigger threshold (T25)
- Selection of trig bits for crab (bit 8)
- Events with data vme word = 0?
- Sum pe's in event display