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DARK MATTER
&
NEW PARTICLES

INTRODUCTIONS (1/2)

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INTRODUCTIONS (2/2)

RESEARCH INTERESTS:

- DARK MATTER

- MODEL BUILDING
- INDIRECT DETECTION
(γ 's, ANTIMATTER, ...)
- ASTRO BACKGROUNDS

- BARYOGENESIS

- ESP. @ EW SCALE
- EDM, COLLIDERS, DM, ...

WHAT DO WE KNOW RE: DARK MATTER?

1.

ABUNDANCE

$$\bar{\rho}_{DM} \approx \underbrace{\rho_{CRIT}}_{\frac{3H_0^2}{8\pi G_N}}$$

$$\sim \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3 \times 10^{10} \frac{M_\odot}{\text{Mpc}^3} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{CLUSTERS!} \\ \sim 10^5 \text{ OVERP.} \end{array} \right) \\ 10^{-6} \frac{\text{GeV}}{\text{cm}^3} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{@ SUN:} \\ 0.3 \frac{\text{GeV}}{\text{cm}^3} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

2.

"WEAKLY" INTERACTING.

... HAVEN'T DETECTED IT YET!

MUSTN'T TALK TO BARYONS
TOO STRONGLY (STRUCTURE FORMATIONS)

... RULES OUT MANY SM PARTICLES:

q 's, l 's, g , γ , ...

3. COLD (OR WARM AT BEST)

TOP-DOWN
(HOT DM) VS BOTTOM-UP
(COLD DM)

→ MUST BE ~ NON-RELATIVISTIC
@ DECOUPLING

(SEE ALSO J. PRIMACK'S LECTURES)

... RULES OUT V 'S

4. LONG-LIVED ENOUGH!

... WE OBSERVE IT TODAY, SO LIFETIME
MUST $\tau \gg \tau_{\text{UNIVERSE}}$

$$\tau_{\text{UNIVERSE}} \sim 10 \text{ BYR} \sim 10 \times 10^9 \times (\pi \times 10^7) \text{ s}$$
$$\sim \pi \times 10^{17} \text{ s}$$

- ① ABSOLUTELY STABLE (e.g. THANKS TO A SYMMETRY IN THEORY, e.g. SUSY, UED, ...)
- ② VERY LONG LIVED (e.g. M_P -SUPPRESSION...)
 $\tau \sim M_P^2 / m^3 g$

... FOR PARTICLE PHYSICISTS, DM IS A CLEAR HINT TO BEYOND-SM PHYSICS!

NO CANDIDATE PARTICLES IN SM!

→ WHICH GUIDELINES ON MODEL BUILDING CAN WE EXTRACT FROM WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT DM?

USE 1, 2, 3 TO EYEBALL DM PARTICLE PROPERTIES → DETECTION STRATEGIES!

ONE POSSIBLE SCHEME: USE IDEA OF

THERMAL DECOUPLING

... A SUCCESSFUL PARADIGM IN COSMOLOGY:

- RECOMBINATION ($H + e^- \rightarrow p + \gamma$)
- BBN (e.g. $e^+ n \rightarrow p + \bar{\nu}$)
- NEUTRINO DECOUPLING

IN SHORT: INTERACTION RATE $\Gamma \lesssim H$

SIGNALS DECOUPLING FROM TH. BATH

AFTER DECOUPLING: SIMPLE RED-SHIFTING OF
MOMENTA / DENSITIES.

IN NATURAL UNITS:

$$\Gamma \sim n \cdot \sigma$$

DENSITY CROSS SECTION

h ~

STAT MECH

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \cdot T^3 \quad \text{FOR } m \ll T \quad (\text{REL. LIMIT}) \\ \cdot (mT)^{3/2} \exp\left(-\frac{m}{T}\right) \quad m \gg T \quad (\text{NR LIMIT}) \end{array} \right.$$

RIGHT-HAND SIDE

$$H \sim \frac{T^2}{M_P}$$

(FROM FRIEDMANN EQ: $H^2 = \frac{8\pi G_N}{3} \rho$, $\rho \sim T^4$)

$$M_P \equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{8\pi G_N}}$$

EXAMPLE: A SM WIMP: NEUTRINO DECOUPLING

$$\Gamma \sim G_F^2 T^2$$

$$G_F \sim \frac{1}{M_W^2}$$

ON DIMENSIONAL
GROUNDS, FOR $T \gg m_W$

$\Gamma \sim H$ for $\underbrace{T_\nu^3}_{h, \text{ IF } T_\nu \gg m_\nu} \underbrace{G_F^2 T_\nu^2}_\sigma = \underbrace{\frac{T_\nu^2}{M_P}}_H$

so $T_\nu = (G_F^2 M_P)^{-1/3} = (10^{-10} \cdot 10^{18})^{-1/3} \text{ GeV} \sim \underline{\underline{1 \text{ MeV}}}$

$T_\nu \gg m_\nu$ so ok, AND HOT RELIC

... NOW, LET'S CALCULATE RELIC DENSITY

CONVENTION: DEFINE $Y \equiv \frac{n}{s} \sim$ NUMBER DENSITY / ENTROPY DENSITY

... IN ISO-ENTROPIC UNIVERSE $S \cdot a^3 = \text{CONST}$, SO

$\gamma \sim n a^3$ IS A "COMOVING" # DENSITY

IF NO ENTROPY IS PRODUCED,

$$\gamma_{\text{TODAY}} = \gamma_{\text{FREEZE OUT}}$$

AND

$$\rho_{\text{HOT RELIC}} = m_{\text{HOT RELIC}} \cdot S_{\text{TODAY}} \cdot \gamma_{\text{F.O.}}$$

FOR HOT RELICS, $\gamma_{\text{EQ}}(T) \approx 0.3 \cdot \frac{g_{\text{eff}}}{g_{*S}(T)}$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} g, \text{ BOSONS} \\ \frac{3}{4}g, \text{ FERMIONS} \end{array} \right.$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10.75 \text{ FOR HIGH-T SM} \\ 10.75 \sim 1 \text{ MeV} \end{array} \right.$

$$\text{So } \Omega_{\text{HOT REUC}} h^2 = \frac{\rho_{\text{HOT RAUC}}}{\rho_{\text{CRIT}}} h^2 = 0.08 \frac{g_{\text{eff}}}{g_{\text{rs}}(T_{\text{f.o.}})} \cdot \left(\frac{m}{\text{eV}}\right)$$

$$\longrightarrow \text{FOR } \nu\text{'s} \longrightarrow m \lesssim 10 \text{ eV} \left[\frac{g_{\nu s}}{g_{\text{eff}}} \right]$$

$$\Omega h^2 \lesssim 0.1$$

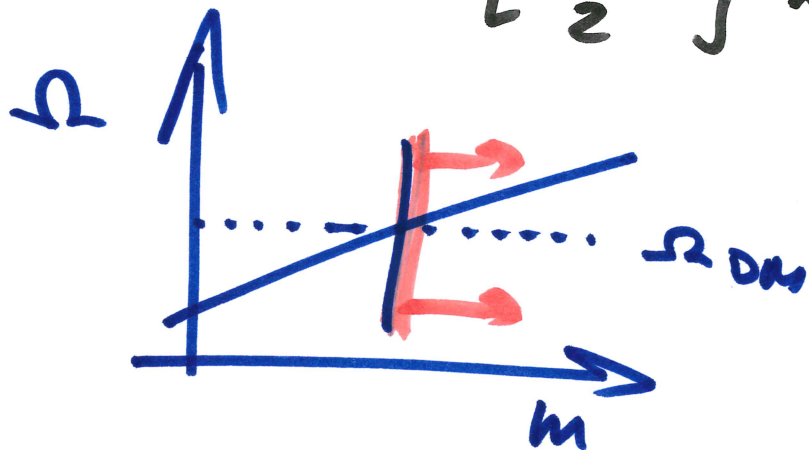
• $T_{\text{f.o.}} \sim 1 \text{ MeV}$: $m \lesssim 10 \text{ eV} \cdot \left[\frac{10}{2 \times \frac{3}{4}} \right] \sim 70 \text{ eV}$

• $T_{\text{f.o.}} \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$: $m \lesssim 10 \text{ eV} \left[\frac{100}{2} \right] \sim 0.5 \text{ keV}$

GENERAL

TREND:

$$\Omega_{\text{HOT}} \sim m$$



"COSMIC-MC-CLEAN
LIMIT"

... OTHER EXAMPLE: BARYON-ANTIBARYON ANNIHILATION

IS IT A HOT RELIC PROBLEM?!

HERE, $\sigma \sim \frac{1}{m_\pi^2}$, TRY $n \sim T^3$

$$T^3 \cdot \frac{1}{m_\pi^2} = \frac{T^2}{M_P} \quad \leadsto \quad T \sim \frac{m_\pi^2}{M_P} \sim 10^{-20} \text{ GeV}$$

... SO THIS IS NOT A
HOT RELIC PROBLEM

\leadsto NEED TO DEAL WITH
COLD RELICS!

[HW: FIND
RELIC \bar{p}
ABUNDANCE!]

COLD RELICS: $n \sim (M_{\alpha} T)^{3/2} \exp\left(-\frac{m_{\alpha}}{T}\right)$

... AGAIN, FREEZE-OUT: $n \cdot \nu \sim H$

↓

$$n_{f.o.} \sim \frac{T_{f.o.}^2}{M_p \cdot \nu}$$

CALL $\frac{m_{\alpha}}{T} \equiv x \quad \leadsto \quad T = \frac{m_{\alpha}}{x} \quad (\text{COND: } x \gg 1)$

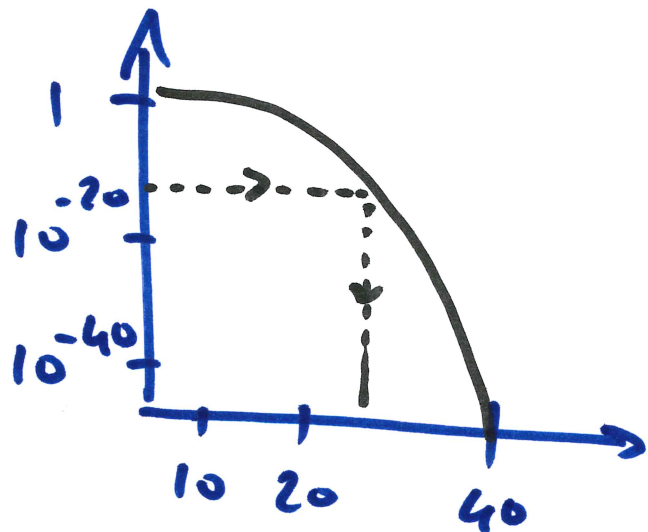
$$\underbrace{\frac{m_{\alpha}^3}{x^{3/2}} e^{-x}}_h = \frac{m_{\alpha}^2}{x^2 M_p \nu}$$

... NEED TO SOLVE: $\sqrt{x} e^{-x} = \frac{1}{m_{\alpha} M_p \nu}$

$$\frac{1}{m_x M_{pl} T} \sim \frac{1}{10^2 \cdot 10^{18} \cdot 10^{-6}} \sim 10^{-14}$$

FOR EW
SCALE DM

$$\sigma \sim G_F^2 m_x^2 \sim 10^{-10} (10^2)^2$$



$$X_{f.o.} \sim 20 \div 50$$

- $10^{-10} : x \sim 26.6$
- $10^{-15} : x \sim 36.3$
- $10^{-20} : x \sim 48$

Now, $\Omega_x = \frac{m_x \cdot h_x}{\rho_c} \cdot \frac{T_0^3}{T_0^3} \sim 2.75k \sim 10^{-4} eV$

BUT $\frac{h_0}{T_0^3} \approx \frac{h_{f.o.}}{T_{f.o.}^3}$

$$\text{So: } \Omega_{\chi} = \frac{m_{\chi}}{\rho_c} \cdot T_0^3 \cdot \frac{h_{f.o.}}{T_{f.o.}^3} = \frac{T_0^3}{\rho_c} \cdot X_{f.o.} \cdot \left(\frac{h_{f.o.}}{T_{f.o.}^2} \right)$$

THIS IS $\frac{1}{M_p \cdot \Delta}$!!

$$\text{So FINALLY: } \Omega_{\chi} = \underbrace{\left(\frac{T_0^3}{\rho_c M_p} \right)}_{\text{SOME CONSTANT}} \cdot \frac{X_{f.o.}}{\Delta}$$

$$\text{OR: } \left(\frac{\Omega_{\chi}}{0.2} \right) \approx \left(\frac{X_{f.o.}}{20} \right) \left(\frac{10^{-8} \text{ GeV}^{-2}}{\Delta} \right)$$

... OFTEN QUOTED: $\langle \sigma v \rangle$, $\langle \rangle \equiv$ TH. AVERAGE

v : Matter velocity

$$\frac{1}{2} m v^2 \sim \frac{3}{2} T, \quad v \sim \sqrt{\frac{3T}{m}} c$$

$$\text{So } \langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-8} \text{ GeV}^{-2} \left(3 \times 10^{-28} \text{ GeV}^2 \text{ cm}^2 \right) \cdot 10^{10} \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}} \sim 0.3 c$$

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 3 \times 10^{-26} \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{s}}$$

KEY QUANTITY FOR DM SEARCHES (ESP. INDIRECT!)
(SEE J.S.G.'S LECTURES)

IS $3 \times 10^{-26} \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{s}}$ UNIQUE TO THE WEAK SCALE?

NO

WHAT DID WE ACTUALLY USE?

(i) $\frac{1}{m_x \Gamma M_p} \ll 1$ (GOOD RELIC)

(ii) $\Gamma \sim 10^{-8} \text{GeV}^{-2}$

... SUPPOSE $\Gamma \sim \frac{g^4}{M_x^2}$: WHEN DO I GET GOOD RELIC DENSITY?

ENOUGH TO REQUIRE $g^4 \sim \frac{M_x^2}{10^8 \text{GeV}^2}$ OR $g^2 \sim \frac{M_x}{10 \text{TeV}}$

Now, FROM (i) $M_P \Rightarrow \frac{1}{m_x T} = \frac{m_x^2}{m_x (g^2)^2} = \frac{m_x^2 10^8}{m_x^3}$

So $m_x \Rightarrow \frac{10^8 \text{ GeV}^2}{10^{18} \text{ GeV}} = 0.1 \text{ eV}$

TO BE COLD + THERMAL: NEED $M_x \gtrsim 0.1 \text{ eV}$

(TELL B. SADOULET HOW LIGHT COLD WIMPS CAN BE!)

... STILL AMAZING THAT

$$\Delta_{\text{EW}} \sim G_F^2 T_{\text{f.o.}}^2 \sim 10^{-8} \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$T_{\text{f.o.}} \sim \frac{E_{\text{EW}}}{20} \sim 10 \text{ GeV}$$

"WIMP MIRACLE"

WHAT DO WE LEARN ABOUT DM MASS RANGE

IN THE PARADIGM OF THERMAL DECOUPLING?

- $m_x \gtrsim 0.1 \text{ eV}$

- UPPER LIMIT TO MASS:

$$\Gamma \lesssim \frac{4\pi}{m_x^2} \text{ (UNITARITY)}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\Omega_x}{0.2} \approx \frac{10^{-8} \text{ GeV}^{-2}}{\left(\frac{4\pi}{m_x^2}\right)}$$

$$\text{So } \Omega_x \lesssim 0.2 \rightarrow \left(\frac{m_x}{120 \text{ TeV}}\right)^2 \lesssim 1$$

OR $m_x \lesssim 120 \text{ TeV}$

NOW, FOCUS ON WIMPS : IS THERE A LOWER LIMIT?

$$\sigma \sim G_F^2 m_\alpha^2$$

$$\Omega_\alpha h^2 \sim 0.1 \frac{10^{-8} \text{GeV}^2}{G_F^2 m_\alpha^2} \sim 0.1 \left(\frac{10 \text{GeV}}{m_\alpha} \right)^2$$

So:

FOR WIMPS, $m_\alpha \gtrsim 10 \text{GeV}$

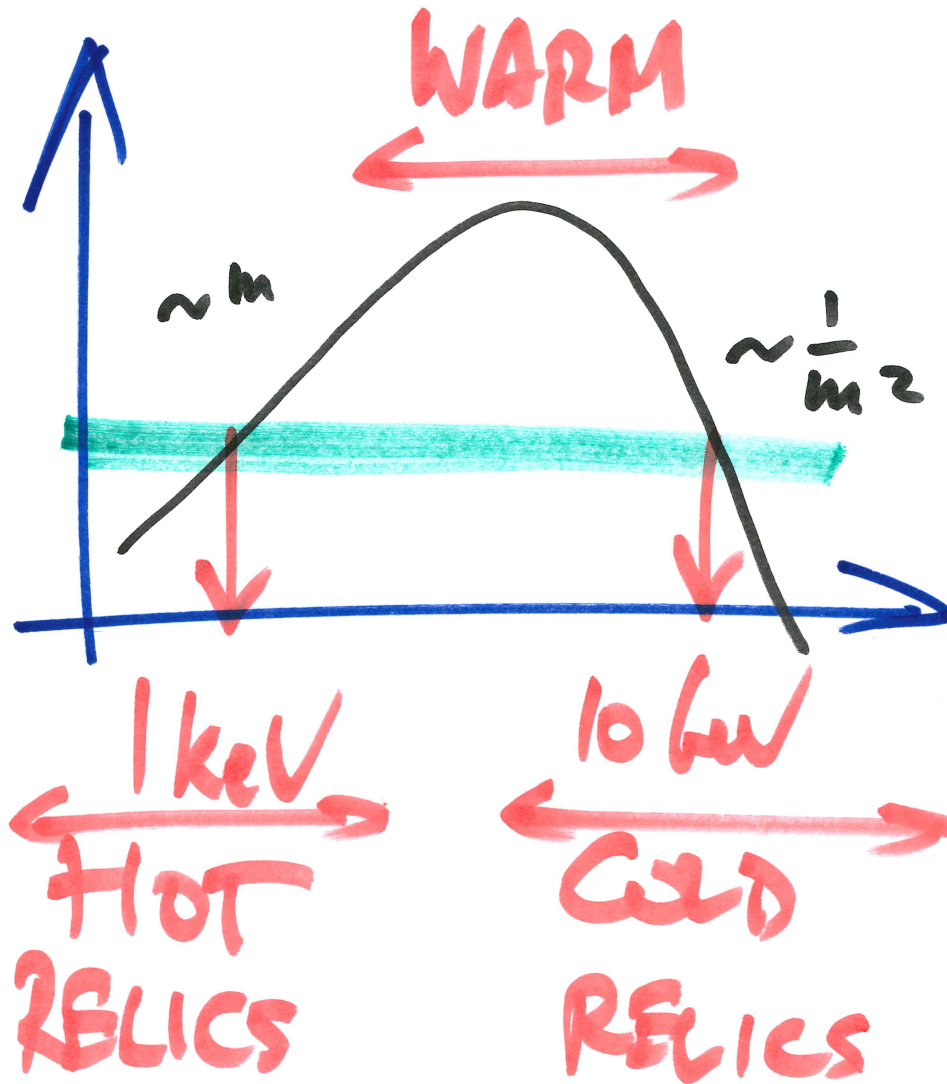
(A.K.A. LEE-WEINBERG LIMIT)

→ BIG BIAS FOR DIRECT/INDIRECT
SEARCH STRATEGIES!!

FOR A GIVEN WIMP σ , e.g.:

$$\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \tau \\ \chi \\ \searrow \tau \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \nearrow F \\ \chi' \\ \searrow F \end{array}$$

$m_{\chi'} \gg m_{\chi}$



... A FEW CAVEATS!

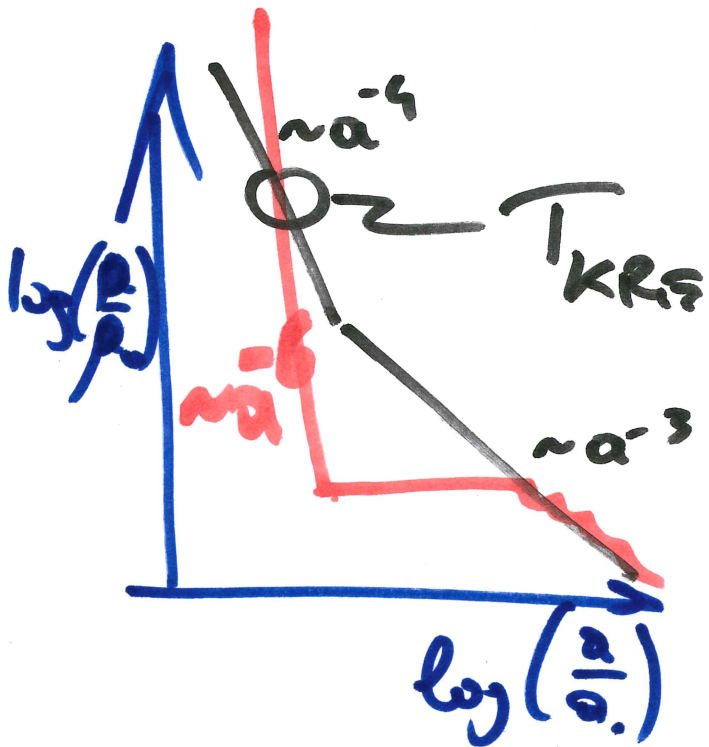
- (i) NON-THERMAL PRODUCTION
- (ii) PRODUCTION FROM ASYMMETRY
- (iii) POST FREEZE-OUT ENTROPY INJECTION
- (iv) MULTI-COMPONENT DM
- (v) MODIFIED EXPANSION RATE

LIFE IS NEVER EASY!

(V): MY FIRST GRAD-SCHOOL PAPER...

SUPPOSE \exists DYNAMICAL DARK ENERGY

e.g. QUINTESSENCE w/ KINATION



KINATION, $\rho_{kin} \sim T^6$

$H \sim T^3$

$$H = \frac{T^2}{M_p} \left(\frac{T}{T_{KRF}} \right)$$

$$\frac{h_{f.o.}}{T_{f.o.}^2} \sim \frac{1}{M_p} \cdot \left(\frac{T_{f.o.}}{T_{KRF}} \right)$$

$$\lesssim \frac{m_{\nu}}{20} \cdot \frac{1}{T_{KRF}} \sim 10^4$$