Homework Set #1.

Due Date: Tuesday October 14, 2008

Solve the following 6 exercises

1. State which of the following reactions are allowed by conservation laws and which are forbidden, and motivate your statement in either case:

> (i) $\pi^- + p \rightarrow \pi^0 + n$ (ii) $e^+ + e^- \rightarrow \gamma$ (iii) $n \rightarrow p + e^-$ (iv) $n \rightarrow p + \pi^-$ (v) $n \rightarrow p + \gamma$

2. Find the relation between the total cross-sections (at a given center of mass energy) for the following reactions, in terms of the isospin amplitudes A_0 , A_1 and A_2 :

(1)
$$K^- + p \rightarrow \pi^+ + \Sigma^-$$

(2) $K^- + p \rightarrow \pi^0 + \Sigma^0$
(3) $K^- + p \rightarrow \pi^- + \Sigma^+$

- 3. In which isospin states can (1) $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ and (2) $\pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$ exist?
- 4. The representation matrices for the adjoint representation of a Lie group are given by the structure constants:

$$(T^b)_{ac} = i f^{abc}.$$

Show that the statement that the matrices T satisfy the Lie algebra

$$\left([T^b, T^c] \right)_{ae} = i f^{bcd} (T^d)_{ae}$$

is equivalent to the Jacobi identity.

5. From the observation that the strong decay $\rho^0 \to \pi^+\pi^-$ exists but $\rho^0 \to \pi^0 + \pi^0$ does not, what information can be extracted about the ρ quantum numbers: (i) *G*-parity, (ii) isospin, (iii) spin, and (iv) intrinsic parity?

- 6. Define the valence quark content of the following quantum number combinations of baryons (Q stands for electric charge, S for strange content, C for charm, B for bottom), and find the name of a particle that corresponds to the given combination:
 - (i) Q=-1, C=0, S=-3, B=0
 - (ii) Q=2, C=1, S=0, B=0
 - (iii) Q=1, C=1, S=-1, B=0
 - (iv) Q=0, C=1, S=-2, B=0
 - (v) Q=0, C=0, S=0, B=-1